BEFORE THE 1 POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD STATE OF WASHINGTON 2 IN THE MATTER OF 3 ROBERT SULLIVAN d.b.a. CROWN CEDAR PRODUCTS, 4 PCHB No. 860 Appellant, 5 FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, v. 6 CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER PUGET SOUND AIR POLLUTION 7 CONTROL AGENCY, 8 Respondent. 9

THIS MATTER, the consolidated appeals of a \$250 civil penalty for an alleged open burning violation of respondent's Regulation I, and a \$250 civil penalty for an alleged smoke emission violation of respondent's Regulation I having come on regularly for a formal hearing before Board members Chris Smith and Walt Woodward on the 5th day of September, 1975, at Seattle, Washington, and appellant Robert Sullivan appearing through his wife, Janet Sullivan, and respondent Puget Sound Air Pollution Control Agency appearing through its attorney, Keith D. McGoffin, and the Board having considered the sworn testimony, exhibits, records and

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files herein and having entered on the 21st day of October, 1975, its proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order, and the Board having served said proposed Findings, Conclusions and Order upon all parties herein by certified mail, return receipt requested and twenty days having elapsed from said service; and

The Board having received no exceptions to said proposed Findings, Conclusions and Order and the Board being fully advised in the premises; now therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that said proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order dated the 21st day of October, 1975, and incorporated by this reference herein and attached hereto as Exhibit A, are adopted and hereby entered as the Board's Final Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order herein.

DONE at Lacey, Washington, this 2000 day of November, 1975.

POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD

CHRIS SMITH, Chairman

WALT WOODWARD, Member

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

1 BEFORE THE POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD 2 STATE OF WASHINGTON 3 IN THE MATTER OF ROBERT SULLIVAN d.b.a. CROWN CEDAR PRODUCTS, 4 PCHB No. 860 5 Appellant, 6 FINDINGS OF FACT, v. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER 7 PUGET SOUND AIR POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY. 8 Respondent. 9

This matter, the consolidated appeals of a \$250 civil penalty for an alleged open burning violation of respondent's Regulation I, and a \$250 civil penalty for an alleged smoke emission violation of respondent's Regulation I, came before the Pollution Control Hearings Board (Chris Smith, presiding officer, and Walt Woodward) at a formal hearing in the Seattle facility of the State Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals on September 5, 1975.

Appellant was represented by his wife, Janet Sullivan. Respondent 18 appeared through Keith D. McGoffin. Jennifer Rowland, Olympia court

EXHIBIT A

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(reporter, recorded the proceedings.

Witnesses were sworn and testified. Exhibits were admitted.

From testimony heard and exhibits examined, the Pollution Control Hearings Board makes these

## FINDINGS OF FACT

I.

Respondent, pursuant to Section 5, chapter 69, Laws of 1974, 3d Ex. Sess. (RCW 43.21B.260), has filed with this Board a certified copy of its Regulation I containing respondent's regulations and amendments thereto.

II.

Section 9.02(d)(3) of respondent's Regulation I makes it unlawful to cause an outdoor fire, which is not for residential or land-clearing purposes, without having obtained a permit for said fire from respondent. Section 9.03(c)(2) makes it unlawful to cause or allow the emission for more than three minutes in any one hour of an air contaminant from a source installed after April 1, 1973 which contaminant is greater than 20 percent opacity. Section 3.29 authorizes respondent to levy a civil penalty of not more than \$250 for any violation of Regulation I.

III.

Appellant owns and operates a cedar mill at Route 2, Box 504, North Bend, King County. Since September 7, 1972, respondent made numerous contacts with appellant regarding wood waste burning in violation of respondent's Regulation I. These contacts included many indications by appellant that he would construct and utilize an approved burner for the disposal of wood waste. Until April, 1975, these contacts included min

27 FINDINGS OF FACT,

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

notices of violation, eight of which resulted in no civil penalties.

IV.

On April 22, 1975, two inspectors on respondent's staff witnessed open burning of wood waste at appellant's mill. They ascertained that respondent, on April 11, 1975, had denied appellant's request for burning of wood waste on the grounds that appellant did not have an approved wood waste burner. The two inspectors also saw smoke of 100 percent opacity arising for at least seven consecutive minutes from the fire.

In connection with the open fire, respondent served on appellant Notice of Violation No. 11027, citing Section 9.02, and Notice of Civil Penalty No. 2011 in the sum of \$250. In connection with the smoke emission, respondent served on appellant Notice of Violation No. 11028, citing Section 9.03, and Notice of Civil Penalty No. 2012 in the sum of \$250.

The civil penalties are the subjects of the appeals.

v.

Appellant has had financial difficulties, caused chiefly by a total destruction of the mill by fire in 1972.

VI.

On June 19, 1975, pursuant to an application by appellant, respondent' Board of Directors granted appellant a variance for open burning of wood waste until November 30, 1975. The variance (Resolution No. 310) was granted to permit applicant to continue operation of the mill while constructing an approved wood waste burner.

VII.

Appellant's contemplated approved wood waste burner will cost in FINDINGS OF FACT,

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1 |excess of \$13,000.

VIII.

Any Conclusion of Law hereinafter stated which is deemed to be a Finding of Fact is adopted herewith as same.

From these facts, the Pollution Control Hearings Board comes to these CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

I.

Appellant was in violation of respondent's Regulation I as cited in Notices of Violation Nos. 11027 and 11028.

II.

In view of respondent's long record of tolerance and patience with appellant's numerous open burning violations (Exhibit R-1), Notices of Civil Penalty Nos. 2011 and 2012, although both at the maximum allowable amount, are reasonable.

III.

Respondent's Board of Directors, by virtue of Resolution No. 310, has shown further empathy with appellant's financial problems. This Board, in these instant matters, joins in that effort to give appellant an opportunity to install an approved wood waste burner and, thus, achieve compliance with respondent's clean air regulations. Payment of the penalties should be suspended permanently on condition that appellant install an approved wood waste burner pursuant to the terms of Resolution No. 310 or any extensions thereof which respondent may grant.

IV.

Any Finding of Fact herein which is deemed to be a Conclusion of Law is adopted herewith as same.

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

Therefore, the Pollution Control Hearings Board issues this ORDER The appeals are denied; Notices of Civil Penalty Nos. 2011 and 2012 are sustained in the amounts of \$250 each, but payment of both penalties is suspended permanently on condition that appellant install an approved wood waste burner pursuant to the terms of respondent's Resolution No. 310, or any extension thereof. DONE at Lacey, Washington, this 2/ POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD  $^{22}$ 

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FINDINGS OF FACT,

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

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